

# **China Sourcing Update**

September 26, 2018

# **Raw Material Prices: Hard Goods**

## 1. Price index of ABS resin goes up slightly in August

The price index of ABS resin<sup>1</sup> edged up by 0.2% mom in August, after dropping by 0.7% mom in July (see exhibit 1).

Prices of ABS resin rose in early August as the prices of acrylonitrile, butadiene and styrene, the major raw materials of ABS resin, increased in the period. Afterwards, a weakening in demand and an excess supply dragged down the prices of ABS resin, despite that upstream costs remained high.

It is noteworthy that China's 25% additional tariffs on acrylonitrile imported from the US came into effect on 23 August.<sup>2</sup> As the US accounts for more than 20% of China's imports of acrylonitrile, the tariffs would lead to higher prices of imported acrylonitrile, which are likely to further push up the production costs of ABS resin. Meanwhile, the restocking demand from manufacturers of home appliances, a major downstream sector of ABS resin, is likely to decline in the coming months as the high season for airconditioner sales has passed. All in all, we expect the prices of ABS resin to trend downward in the near future.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The index is compiled by the China Logistics Information Center (CLIC). The CLIC is a sub-division of the China Federation of Logistics & Purchasing (CFLP), which is the first logistics and purchasing industry association approved by the State Council. One of the CFLP's missions is to push forward the circulation of factors of production in China.

<sup>2</sup> http://www.mofcom.gov.cn/article/ae/ai/201808/20180802773926.shtml

2.5 2.0 1.5 mom change (%) 1.0 0.2 0.5 (Aug 2018) 0.0 Jan 18 Sep 17 <u>}</u> Dec Мау h Feb Apr -0.5 -1.0 -1.5 -2.0 35.0 30.0 25.0 yoy change (%) 20.0 15.0 10.0 (Aug 2018) 5.0 0.0 <u></u> Jan 18 Feb Mar Apr Jun Sep 17 Oct Dec May -5.0 -10.0

Exhibit 1: Price index of ABS resin, September 2017 to August 2018

# 2. Price index of PP climbs in August

The price index of polypropylene (PP)<sup>3</sup> jumped by 3.2% mom in August, posting month-on-month rise for four consecutive months (see exhibit 2).

Triggered by a surge in the prices of PP futures in China, the spot prices of PP went up in early August. Afterwards, the spot prices of PP retreated amid a fall in the prices of PP futures and a sluggish downstream demand for PP.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The index is compiled by the China Logistics Information Center (CLIC).



China's imposition of 25% additional tariffs on liquefied propane (which is the major raw material for PP) imported from the US kicked in on 23 August.<sup>4</sup> As the US accounts for more than 25% of China's imports of liquefied propane, the tariffs would push up the production costs of PP. Meanwhile, the downstream demand for PP is likely to improve in the high season in September and October. All in all, we expect the prices of PP to rise further in the near term.

8.0 6.0 mom change (%) 3.2 4.0 (Aug 2018) 2.0 0.0 Dec Jun Sep 17 Nov Feb Мау Mar Ap -2.0 14.0 12.0 12.5 (Jul 2018) 10.0 8.0 yoy change (%) 6.0 4.0 2.0 0.0 Feb Sep Oct Dec Apr Jun Aug 17 Nov Мау Ju -2.0 -4.0

Exhibit 2: Price index of PP, September 2017 to August 2018

Source: China Logistics Information Center

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> http://www.mofcom.gov.cn/article/ae/ai/201808/20180802773926.shtml



### 3. Price index of natural rubber picks up in August

The price index of natural rubber<sup>5</sup> rebounded by 0.8% mom in August, after having fallen for two consecutive months (see exhibit 3).

Rubber prices stayed low throughout early to mid-August as market concerns about the China-US trade war persisted. Rubber prices then rose on 21-22 August on news of massive floods hitting Kerala, the biggest rubber producing area in India. It was expected that lower rubber output and thus higher imports by India, the second largest consumer of rubber in the world, could support global rubber prices.

On 24 September, the US administration started to impose 10% additional tariffs on US\$200 billion worth of Chinese goods, including most rubber products from China. As the downstream demand for natural rubber is likely to fall sharply, we expect rubber prices to stay low in the coming months.

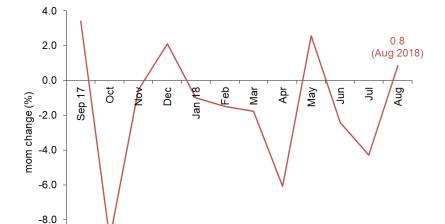
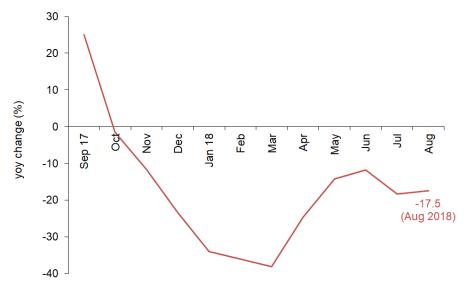


Exhibit 3: Price index of natural rubber, September 2017 to August 2018

-10.0



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The index is compiled by the China Logistics Information Center (CLIC).



#### 4. Price indices of non-ferrous metals rebound in August

The price index of non-ferrous metals picked up by 1.7% mom in August, after plunging by 4.7% mom in July (see exhibits 4 & 5).6

There are two main reasons for the rise in non-ferrous metal prices (except lead) in China in August. First, the Chinese government announced to speed up infrastructure investment, which gave a boost to non-ferrous metal prices. Second, the weakening of the US dollar in the second half of the month helped support non-ferrous metal prices. Meanwhile, prices of lead in China fell in the month amid an increased domestic supply and a sluggish downstream demand.

Looking ahead, we expect that the uptrend of the prices of non-ferrous metals will not continue in the coming months, given the uncertainty surrounding the China-US trade war.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The indices are compiled by the China Logistics Information Center (CLIC).



Exhibit 4: Price index of non-ferrous metals, September 2017 to August 2018

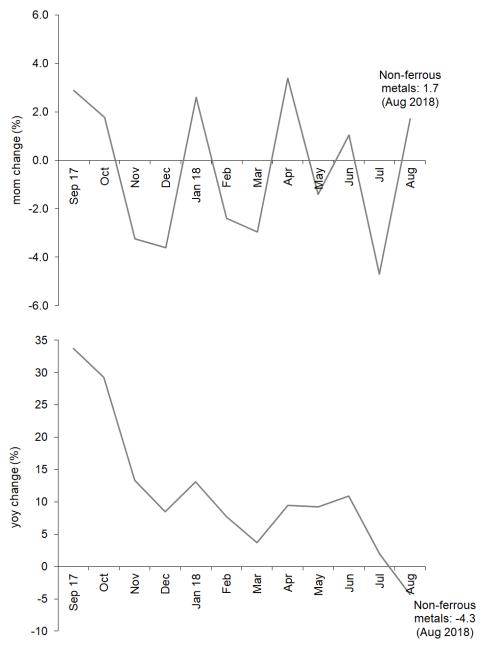
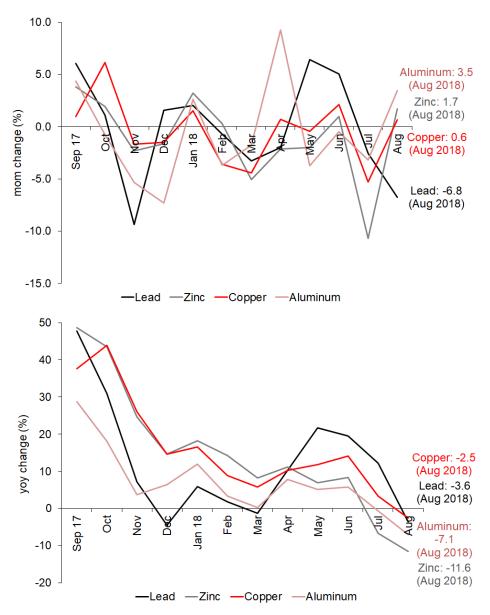


Exhibit 5: Price index of copper, aluminum, lead and zinc, September 2017 to August 2018



#### **FUNG BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE**

Fung Business Intelligence collects, analyses and interprets market data on global sourcing, supply chains, distribution, retail and technology.

Headquartered in Hong Kong, it leverages unique relationships and information networks to track and report on these issues with a particular focus on business trends and developments in China and other Asian countries. Fung Business Intelligence makes its data, impartial analysis and specialist knowledge available to businesses, scholars and governments around the world through regular research reports and business publications.

As the knowledge bank and think tank for the Fung Group, a Hong Kong-based multinational corporation, Fung Business Intelligence also provides expertise, advice and consultancy services to the Group and its business partners on issues related to doing business in China, ranging from market entry and company structure, to tax, licensing and other regulatory matters.

Fung Business Intelligence was established in the year 2000.

The **Fung Group** is a privately held multinational group of companies headquartered in Hong Kong whose core businesses are trading, logistics, distribution and retailing. The Fung Group employs 42,150 people across 40 economies worldwide, generating total revenue of US\$22.66 billion in 2017. Fung Holdings (1937) Limited, a privately held business entity headquartered in Hong Kong, is the major shareholder of the Fung group of companies.

#### **CONTACT**

Helen Chin Vice President helenchin@fung1937.com (852) 2300 2471

Global Sourcing Fung Business Intelligence 10/F LiFung Tower 888 Cheung Sha Wan Road Kowloon, Hong Kong

T: (852) 2300 2470 F: (852) 2635 1598

E: <a href="mailto:fbicgroup@fung1937.com">fbicgroup@fung1937.com</a>
W: <a href="mailto:http://www.fbicgroup.com">http://www.fbicgroup.com</a>

William Kong Research Manager williamkong@fung1937.com (852) 2300 2404











© Copyright 2018 Fung Business Intelligence. All rights reserved.

Though Fung Business Intelligence endeavours to ensure the information provided in this publication is accurate and updated, no legal liability can be attached as to the contents hereof. Reproduction or redistribution of this material without prior written consent of Fung Business Intelligence is prohibited.

